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RUBBER MOUNTING, IN PARTICULAR FOR A MOTOR-DRIVEN PUMP UNIT  
OF A POWER STEERING SYSTEM

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5 The invention relates to a rubber mounting, in particular for a motor-driven pump unit of a power steering system, this rubber mounting having a holding flange, a bolt which starts to extend from the holding flange, a rubber element disposed on the bolt, and a fastening eye disposed on the rubber element.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 In electro-hydraulically driven power steering systems a pump is driven by an electric motor. Since the pump is combined with the electric motor so as to form a compact unit, such an arrangement is denoted as a motor-driven pump unit. The motor-driven pump unit is fixed in the vehicle by means of a holding flange. For this purpose, the motor-driven pump unit is, as a rule, attached to the holding flange by a rubber mounting element, in order to prevent any noise transmission.

15 It is the object of the invention to further develop a rubber mounting of the aforementioned kind to the effect that a varying mounting characteristic is achieved, namely a comparatively high rigidity along the z-axis of the vehicle, i.e. in the vertical direction, while providing at the same time a high flexibility in the case of movements in the plane that is tensed by the x-axis and the y-axis. In  
20 other words, the mounting is to permit that the weight and accelerating forces coming from the mass of the motor-driven pump unit are supported in the vertical direction, while permitting any movements in the horizontal direction.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

For this purpose it is provided for in accordance with the invention that the  
25 bolt is waisted so that a particularly high flexibility of the rubber mounting in the case of movements in a plane perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the bolt is achieved. Thus, the bolt is vertically oriented, i.e. parallel to the z-axis, so that the rubber element directly supports on the holding flange, and high loads may be transferred in this way. In the case of loads occurring in the horizontal direction,  
30 the rubber element, on the other hand, permits comparatively large movements on account of the waisted configuration of the bolt.

Advantageous designs of the invention will be apparent from the sub-claims.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will be described in the following with the aid of two preferred embodiments which are represented in the accompanying drawings, in which:

5       - Figure 1 shows a cross section through a rubber mounting according to a first embodiment of the invention; and

      - Figure 2 shows a cross section through a rubber mounting according to a second embodiment of the invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

10       The rubber mounting 10 shown in Figure 1 serves to attach a motor-driven pump unit 12 to a vehicle. The rubber mounting includes a holding flange 14 that ends horizontally. The opposite end is mounted so as to be vehicle-fixed. Extending through the holding flange 14 is a bolt 16 which, in the embodiment shown here, is inserted through the holding flange 14. As an alternative, it is  
15       possible as well to weld the bolt on, press-mount it, stick it on, etc.

      The bolt 16 comprises a shank 18 whose center section is configured in a waisted shape. The diameter in the waisted section amounts to about 2/3 of the diameter of the shank at the two axial ends.

      There is provided a rubber element 20 that is embodied as a one-piece part  
20       and comprises a continuous center opening 22, through which the shank 18 of the bolt 16 extends. The rubber element 20 is, on the whole, embodied so as to be barrel-shaped, with one of the front faces supporting on the holding flange 14. The opposite front face rests against a supporting disk 24 which is integrally embodied with a nut 26. The nut 26 is screwed on the end of the bolt 16 facing  
25       away from the holding flange 14 so that the rubber element 20 is clamped between the supporting disk 24 and the holding flange 14. On its two axial ends, the rubber element 20 comprises a plurality of ridges 28 which are oriented both in the axial and radial direction. From this follows that the rubber element 20 does not support with a continuous surface on the holding flange 14, on the supporting  
30       disk 24, and on the shank 18 of the bolt 16, but only with the outer surface of the respective ridge.

Along its equator, the rubber element 20 is provided with a surrounding groove 30, in which there is disposed a fastening eye 32 that is firmly connected to the motor-driven pump unit 12. On the bottom of the groove 30, there are embodied two ribs 34 so that the fastening eye 32, when viewed in the radial direction, rests against the rubber element 20 in two annular surfaces.

Any weight and accelerating forces which are exerted by the motor-driven pump unit 12 on the holding flange 14 and which act in the z-direction are taken up and supported by a comparatively large cross section of the rubber element 20. The ridges 28, however, provide for a sufficient flexibility. Any movements in the horizontal direction, i.e. in a plane tensed by the x-axis and the y-axis, are cushioned with a large flexibility, because on account of the waisted configuration of the shank 18 of the bolt 16 the rubber element is, to a high degree, capable of yielding in the horizontal direction. The ribs 34 additionally provide for a high flexibility.

Should the rubber element 20 fail, the supporting disk 24, whose outside diameter is larger than the inside diameter of the opening in the fastening eye 32, will prevent the latter from disengaging from the holding flange 14.

As regards its function and construction, the rubber mounting shown in Figure 2 in principle corresponds to the mounting shown in Figure 1. The difference is that in the embodiment shown in Figure 2 a two-piece rubber element 20 is used. Thus, the rubber mounting may more easily be attached to the fastening eye 32.

A further distinction between the first and second embodiment is that in the second embodiment the rubber element 20 is configured without the ridges 28. Thus, a higher rigidity is achieved.